

# **SERRA DOS TUCANOS BIRDING TOURS**



Gilt-edged Tanager on the lodge feeders (©Andy Foster)

**Birding the Atlantic forest,  
south-east Brazil  
9<sup>th</sup> – 17<sup>th</sup> July 2019**

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# DAILY ACCOUNT

## TUESDAY 9<sup>TH</sup> JULY

We took a direct flight from London Heathrow with British Airways arriving into Rio at 20.10. We stayed the night at the Linx Hotel close to the airport.

## WEDNESDAY 10<sup>TH</sup> JULY

We met up for breakfast at 06.45 and were collected by our driver (Serginho) at 07.30 and were soon winding our way through the Rio de Janeiro traffic for a 2.5 hour drive to our base for the next 7 days, the beautiful Itororo Lodge. On the journey up we picked up some common birds including Black Vulture, Magnificent Frigatebird, Great-white Egret, Cattle Egret, Smooth-billed Ani and Blue and White Swallow. We arrived at the lodge at 10.00 and were greeted by Bettina and shortly afterwards by her brother Rainer, our hosts for the week ahead.

We quickly got into the birding, just by stepping out of the minibus we were picking up lifers on the lodge feeding stations including Dusky-legged Guan, Azure-shouldered Tanager, Brassy-breasted Tanager, Black-goggled Tanager, Gilt-edged Tanager and Hepatic Tanager. We took a short break to grab some fresh coffee from the lodge and then sat on the veranda watching the feeders and soon picked up Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Plain Parakeet, Rufous-bellied Thrush, Blue Dacnis and hummingbirds including Brazilian Ruby, Violet-capped Woodnymph and White-throated Hummingbird. A great start to the trip! A delicious lunch was served at 12.30 (some minutes in we paused to watch a Slaty-breasted Wood-Rail on the feeders!) and by 14.00 we were heading off along the White Trail for an afternoons birding.



Hepatic Tanager on the lodge feeders (©Andy Foster)

It was a little slow going but we picked up some good species including Drab-breasted Bamoo-Tyrant, White-throated Woodcreeper, Sharp-billed Treehunter, Rufous-capped Spinetail, Variable Antshrike,

brief views of an Ochre-rumped Antbird but star bird has to go to cracking views of a Cryptic Antthrush that wandered along the slope below us....perfect!



Black-goggled Tanager on the lodge feeders (©Andy Foster)

As the light was fading we started heading back to the lodge to find a Dusky-legged Guan on the feeders together with a Burnished-buff Tanager and a rare visitor for this time of the year, a Swallow-tailed Hummingbird! It had been a fantastic start to the trip with many good birds under our belts already! We had some coffee and cake at the lodge then headed off to our rooms to shower etc meeting up again at 18.30 for dinner followed by the daily checklist.

## **THURSDAY 11<sup>TH</sup> JULY**

We awoke to a beautiful clear and chilly morning and met up for breakfast at 06.00. Our driver Serginho arrived at 06.20 and by 06.30 we were setting off for a 40 minute drive to Pico da Caledonia for a days high altitude birding. This time of year is a fantastic time to bird the Atlantic forest, lovely cool temperatures together with clear sunny days and plenty of mixed flocks! Before we set off we watched the feeders for a few minutes and also birded around the lodge and picked up 3 new birds, these were Pale-breasted Thrush, Olivaceous Eleania and a Rufous-thighed Kite..... not a bad start to the morning!

We arrived at our parking spot shortly after 07.15 at an altitude of 1750m. As soon as we got out of the minibus there was quite a bit of activity. We were soon getting good views of several of our target birds including Rufous-backed Antwreio, Thick-billed Saltator, Diademed Tanager and a distant Black and Gold Cotinga. We set off for the walk up the mountain that would take us until about 15.00 to complete and return to the minibus. We were soon getting plenty more new birds including Rufous-tailed Antbird, Black-billed Scythebill, Bay-chested Warbling Finch, Large-tailed Antshrike, Pallid Spinetail and our first glimpse of a male Green-crowned Plovercrest! We continued on slowly up the mountain until we came into the area for Grey-winged Cotinga, one of our main target birds of the day. We had already heard them vocalizing some way off in the distance so we found ourselves a good viewpoint and started to scan. Within a minute I'd picked one up and got it in the scope, fantastic views of this extremely range

restricted endemic! Very happy with ourselves we walked on further and soon had good views of Pallid Spinetail and brief views of a Brazilian Antthrush. We arrived at the guard house and headed on towards the 620 steps that would take us through the habitat for our next target, the range restricted Itatiaia Thistletail. We started using playback and got a distant response. We walked up another 50 steps and got good views of a Chicli Spinetail and shortly afterwards after some more playback we managed to call in the Thistletail that gave brief but good views. Shortly afterwards Larry picked up a Velvety-black Tyrant, this actually completed all of our target birds for the day, it was just before 12.00!!



Diademed Tanager (©Andy Foster)



Saffron Toucanet on the lodge feeders (©Andy Foster)

We headed back down the steps and stopped for some lunch before continuing back down the mountain picking up excellent views of a male Black and Gold Cotinga in the process followed by some Rufous-crowned Greenlets. We arrived back at the minibus just before 13.30 and took a short drive to another spot where we had good views of a pair of Linneated Woodpeckers, Bran-coloured Flycatcher and a Boat-billed Flycatcher, but it was really rather quiet.

Having had such a successful morning and seen all of our target birds we started our journey back to the lodge arriving at 15.00 to some fresh coffee and cake, much welcomed after such a long walk in the morning! We relaxed on the veranda watching the feeders with visits from various birds including Gilt-edged Tanager, Hepatic Tanager, Ruby-crowned Tanager, both Maroon-bellied and Plain Parakeets and then suddenly a Saffron Toucanet flew in and fed for several minutes...fantastic! This was followed by brief views of Blond-crested Woodpecker! The light was fading so we headed back to our rooms and met up again at 18.30 for dinner followed by the daily checklist.

## FRIDAY 12<sup>TH</sup> JULY

Another amazing morning with a low of 4 degrees centigrade! But due to this low temperature we were guaranteed a beautiful clear and sunny day as we set off for a full days birding to Macae de Cima. This track runs through some excellent primary forest and good stands of bamboo, full of endemic birds!

It was surprisingly busy with birds at our first stop as it was so cool, but we started to pick up some great species straight away including Dusky-tailed Antbird, Rufous-crowned Greenlet, Buff-browed Foliage Gleaner, Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner, Planalto Tyrannulet and a glimpse of a Pin-tailed Manakin. We birded at the first stop for a while longer picking up good views of Rufous Gnateater, Rufous-capped Spinetail and Olivaceous Woodcreeper before moving on. Next stop was great with good views of Rufous-capped Antshrike, Glittering-bellied Emerald, Grey-capped Tyrannulet, Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper, Orange-eyed Thornbird and Planalto Tyrannulet.



Dusky-tailed Antbird (©Andy Foster)

We drove on further, temperature now improving and up to 15 degrees centigrade and the birds becoming very active. At our next stop we called in a pair of Bertoni's Antbird that showed extremely well, followed by a female White-bearded Antshrike, Yellow Tyrannulet, Eared Pygmy-Tyrant, Long-tailed Tyrant and Rufous-browed Peppershrike. Further along the track we came across a nice mixed flock that had Green-barred Woodpecker, Whiskered Myiobius, Grey-bellied Spinetail, Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner, Rufous-crowned Greenlet, Scaled Woodcreeper, Chestnut-crowned Becard, Olivaceous Woodcreeper and Plain Antvireo! Next up we positioned the speaker in a strategic place and used some playback for White-bibbed Antbird, thankfully this bird showed briefly but very well indeed some minutes later.

We headed back to the vehicle and had lunch before setting off again in the same direction we had come in the morning. We had several stops on the way back picking up a few more new species including a stunning Spot-billed Toucanet, Scale-throated Hermit, Rufous-breasted Leaftosser, Shear-tailed gray-Tyrant and Yellow-olive Flycatcher.



Spot-billed Toucanet (©Andy Foster)

We arrived back at the lodge at 16.30, had coffee and cake and watched the feeders until it became much cooler and activity died down. We met up again at 18.30 for dinner followed as usual by our daily checklist.

## **SATURDAY 13<sup>TH</sup> JULY**

Another cold but clear morning as we met up for breakfast at the usual time of 06.00. We set off for another full days birding to the Cedae Trail at 550m in altitude and birded this for the morning. An amazing mornings birding, a little slow again to start off with but as soon as the sun got high enough and hit the trees it was almost non-stop! We had some fantastic birds including Black-cheeked Gnateater, Blue-winged Parrotlet, Blue Manakin, Pin-tailed Manakin, Spot-backed Antshrike, Spot-breasted Antvireo, Streak-capped Antwren, Plain Antvireo, Spot-billed Toucanet, White-necked Thrush, Rufous-capped Antthrush, Pale-browed Treehunter, Red-necked Tanager, Rufous-headed Tanager,

Flame-crested Tanager, White-shouldered Fire-eye, Ochre-breasted Foliage Gleaner, Star-throated Antwren, Black-capped Foliage Gleaner, Red-crowned Ant-Tanager and White-throated Spadebill....what a great morning! We made it back to the car at 12.30 and took a 10 minute drive back up the mountain and had our lunch at the beginning of the Theodoro Trail.



Black-cheeked Gnateater (©Andy Foster)



Rufous-headed Tanager (©Andy Foster)

By 13.45 we were heading along the Theodoro Trail for an afternoons birding. It was already quite chilly along the trail and there was not a great deal of activity, we did however manage to get excellent views of Planalto Woodcreeper, Blue Manakin, Eared Pygmy-Tyrant, White-browed Foliage Gleaner, Plain Antvireo and White-rimmed Warbler so not a bad afternoon! We arrived back at the car for 16.40 and got back to the lodge at 17.30. The usual ritual of coffee and cake and then meeting up again at 18.30 for dinner followed by the checklist.

## SUNDAY 14<sup>TH</sup> JULY

Another stunningly clear morning as we set off for a full days birding to Regua. Regua has a great wetland area and surrounding lowland forest, so having not visited any lowland forest during the trip yet we were in for a lot of new birds! Prior to our departure from the lodge we were visited by a Blond-crested Woodpecker that gave excellent views at the feeder.



Blond-crested Woodpecker (©Andy Foster)

We arrived at Regua just after 08.00 and set off along the Yellow and Brown trails birding around the wetlands first picking up several new species including Rufescent Tiger Heron, Capped Heron, Yellow-eared Woodpecker, Green and Amazon Kingfishers, Greater Ani, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Purple and Common Gallinules, Least Grebe, Muscovy Duck, Brazilian Tanager, Blue-winged Parrotlet, Masked Water Tyrant, White-headed Marsh Tyrant, Yellow-headed Caracara and Striated Heron. After approximately 1 hour we headed off into the lowland forest and started using playback for several target species. We soon called in both Unicoloured and Silvery-flanked Antwrens and it wasn't long before we hit a mixed flock that contained White-winged Becard, Yellow-backed Tanager, Flame-crested Tanager, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Grayish Mourner, Streaked Xenops and White-barred Piculet. We continued along the Brown trail using playback to call in Southern Antpipit and then had excellent views of a Yellow-throated Woodpecker! Further along we managed to call in a Rufous-capped Motmot and Larry picked up a Plain Xenops feeding close by. Further along I used some playback for Scaled Antbird which came in really close and eventually showed very well! Next up was Crescent-chested Puffbird, we eventually managed to call in a pair that gave great views followed shortly afterwards by a well-earned break for lunch!



After lunch we carried along until the end of the Brown Trail picking up more new species that included Long-billed Wren, Thrush-like Woodcreeper, Lesser Woodcreeper and after a lot of hard work....Eyeringed Tody Tyrant. It was now around 14.30 so having had such a productive time we started the long walk back to the car. Not much activity on the way back but we did manage good views of Lemon-chested Greenlet.



Brazilian Tanager (©Andy Foster)



Crescent-chested Puffbird (©Andy Foster)

We arrived back at the car at 15.30, topped up our water bottles (it had actually warmed up nicely during the day to 30 degrees centigrade!) and made our way back up to Itororo Lodge arriving just after 17.00. A small group of Danish birders had arrived and spent the day in the Itororo Lodge grounds, their main target was Saffron Toucanet, thankfully they saw 3 of them on the feeders! We met up for dinner as usual at 18.30 followed by the checklist.



Rufous-tailed Jacamar (©Andy Foster)

## **MONDAY 15<sup>TH</sup> JULY**

Today we were to spend a full day in the Itororo Lodge grounds. Slightly warmer to start off with until a cold breeze started to blow from the south. We spent some time around the lodge feeders waiting for the sun to come up before heading off onto the Canopy Trail. If we had left straight away it would have just been too cold without any bird activity. It was a good plan to spend some time around the lodge as we picked up several new birds including Yellow-browed Woodpecker, Green-backed Becard, White-eyed Parakeet, Rough-legged Tyrannulet and Crested Oropendola, not bad for day 6 of the trip! At around 08.00 the sun had gotten high enough in the sky to come over the ridge and hit the area of forest we needed to bird in. We set off and soon had a new bird with Cliff Flycatcher on top of one of the cabins. Shortly afterwards we came across a large mixed flock that had Blue Manakin, White-collared Foliage Gleaner (another new bird), Rufous-crowned Greenlet, Yellow-browed Woodpecker, Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner, Golden-crowned Warbler, Black-goggled Tanager and Scaled Woodcreeper. We continued on the trail and used some playback for Ochre-faced Tody Flycatcher getting good views, this was followed by a beautiful male Black-throated Trogon. As we arrived into the area of native bamboo we tried for several species getting point blank views of Ochre-rumped Antbird, White-collared Foliage Gleaner and White-bearded Antshrike. Further along we used some playback for Mouse-coloured Tapaculo, getting an almost instant response, but unfortunately the bird would not come close enough. Whilst playing the Tapaculo we also heard a White-breasted Tapaculo calling, we set up some branches and placed the speaker underneath and started playing the call, the bird appeared but moved through so fast that we couldn't get the desired views! We tried some more but the bird simply disappeared! About 15 minutes later the bird vocalized again, this time the playback worked a treat

pulling the tapaculo out onto the path for around 5 seconds, long enough to get some great views.....mission accomplished!

We set off back along the trail as we wanted to get back to the lodge slightly earlier as the other guests had seen Black Jacobin and Magpie Tanager the day before. We had lunch outside on the veranda, during which Black Jacobin appeared showing well! After lunch 6 Magpie Tanagers turned up, so all in all a very successful morning!



Blue Manakin (©Andy Foster)



Tufted Antshrike (©Andy Foster)

We had a short break after lunch and then set off towards the White Trail for the afternoon. It was fairly quiet although we got some great views of various species we had already seen and some more photographic opportunities. We used some playback for Spot-winged Wood Quail getting a response a few hundred meters away, we played some more and they came closer, but unfortunately never showed themselves. At the same time a Tufted Antshrike started to vocalise close by, I whistled the call and within 5 seconds the bird was in front of us! This is usually a seriously difficult bird to get good views of, but after several minutes we had the bird right out in the open, a fantastic moment!

It was now late afternoon, so very happy with ourselves we set off back to the lodge arriving for the last bit of feeder activity before it started to go dark. We met up again as usual for dinner at 18.30 followed by the daily checklist.

After dinner we used some playback for some owls, but it's a tough time of year to see owls as they do not respond to playback that well, and as expected, nothing showed up.

## **TUESDAY 16<sup>TH</sup> JULY**

So, the weather decided to change today! We awoke to some strong winds and light rain, but thankfully we were due to head further inland for some open country birding around Duas Barras and Sumidouro. We left as usual at 06.30 and as we drove through Nova Friburgo the weather slowly improved and as we arrived at our first stop some 50 minutes later we had sun and some scattered cloud, perfect conditions!



White-crested Tyrannulet (©Andy Foster)

We had a great mornings birding stopping at several sites and picking up lots of news species! Highlights for the first few hours included Streamer-tailed Tyrant, Wing-banded Hornero, Blackish Rail, White-crested Tyrannulet, Blue-winged Macaw, White-eyed Parakeet, Serra Antwren, Ferruginous Antbird, Yellow-lored Tody Flycatcher, White-barred Piculet, Firewood Gatherer, Wedge-tailed Grassfinch, Variable Antshrike and White-rumped Monjita. At around 10.00 we drove through the small town of Duas Barras and stopped for a coffee and cake then continued our way along a dirt track

towards Sumidouro until lunch time. The dirt track proved very rewarding with good views of Aplomado Falcon, Ultramarine Grosbeak, Gray-eyed Greenlet, Green-barred Woodpecker, White-tailed Hawk, Black-necked Aracari, Chestnut-capped Blackbird, Red-legged Seriema and Curl-crested Jay.



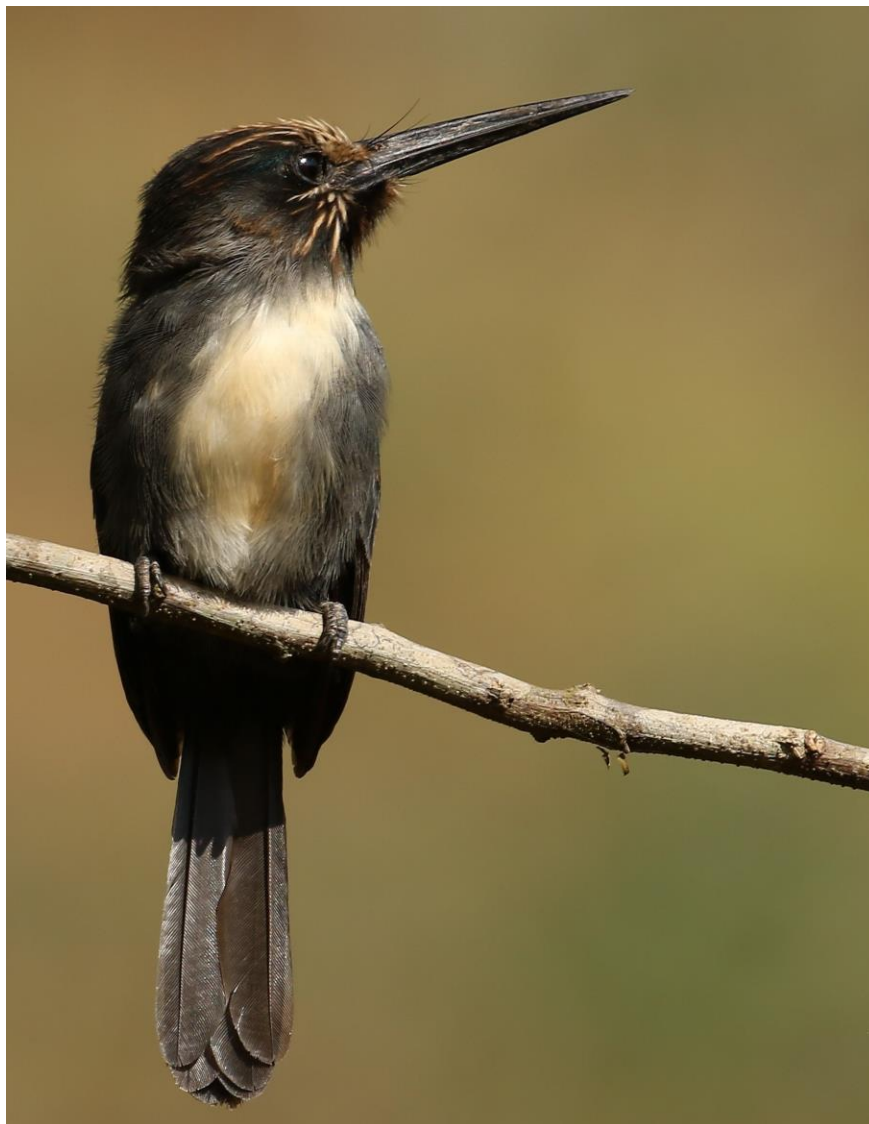
Ferruginous Antbird (©Andy Foster)



Black-necked Aracari (©Andy Foster)

After our packed lunch we took a 30 minute drive towards and through Sumidouro stopping shortly afterwards at the Three-toed Jacamar site. Amazingly as we got out of the car there was a Three-toed

Jacamar sitting in the tree next to us! It flew up and landed even closer in perfect light....just couldn't resist a few photos! After spending 15 minutes with the Jacamar in such great conditions we started our drive back towards the lodge with one other stop en-route where we managed to call in 4 White-eared Puffbirds, a great way to end a perfect day! We arrived back at the lodge just after 17.00, coffee and cake as usual and then dinner at 18.30 followed by the days checklist which took quite some time having seen around 100 species today!



Three-toed Jacamar (©Andy Foster)

### **WEDNESDAY 17<sup>TH</sup> JULY**

After a very breezy night we awoke to a relatively clear morning. We had breakfast at the usual time of 06.00 and then waited for the sun to come up before heading onto the trails in the lodge grounds for a couple of hours. Feeders were busy first thing with Saffron Toucanet, Blond-crested Woodpecker, Azure-shouldered Tanager, Plain Parakeet, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Brassy-breasted Tanager, Gilt-edged Tanager, Golden-chevroned Tanager, Hepatic Tanager, Black-goggled Tanager, Pale-breasted Thrush, Rufous-bellied Thrush and Sayaca Tanager. We set off into forest and it was fairly quiet and cold so unfortunately no new species but we did get nice views of Ochre-faced Tody Flycatcher, Orange-eyed Thornbird, Yellow-browed Woodpecker, Rufous Gnateater, Streaked Xenops and Surucua Trogon. We arrived back at the lodge around 09.30 and the rest of the day was free until departure at 16.00 back down to Rio airport. The feeders remained busy during the day, so plenty of chances for photography....Saffron Toucanets performed so well!



Saffron Toucanet on the lodge feeders (©Andy Foster)

Thanks to both Rainer and Bettina (at Itororo Lodge) for looking after us so well (as always) and providing lots of lovely food and good company!

The following list of birds represents species seen and heard throughout the tour. The list follows the taxonomic order of the IOC (International Ornithologists' Union).

Species in bold are endemic to the Atlantic rain forest.

Species with an \* are endemic to Brazil.

BIRD SPECIES (Scientific name)	DAYS							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>TINAMOUS</b>								
BROWN TINAMOU ( <i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i> )			H					
<b>GUANS</b>								
DUSKY-LEGGED GUAN ( <i>Penelope obscura</i> )	X	2	X	X		2	1	
<b>NEW WORLD QUAILS</b>								
<b>SPOT-WINGED WOOD-QUAIL</b> ( <i>Odontophorus capueira</i> )						H		
<b>DUCKS</b>								
MUSCOVY DUCK ( <i>Cairina moschata</i> )					X			
<b>GREBES</b>								
LEAST GREBE ( <i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i> )					1			
<b>HERONS</b>								
RUFESCENT TIGER-HERON ( <i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i> )					1			
BLACK-CROWNED NIGHT-HERON ( <i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i> )					1			
STRIATED HERON ( <i>Butorides striatus</i> )					1			
WESTERN CATTLE EGRET ( <i>Bubulcus ibis</i> )	X				X		X	
GREAT EGRET ( <i>Ardea alba</i> )	X				2			
CAPPED HERON ( <i>Pilherodius pileatus</i> )					2			
SNOWY EGRET ( <i>Egretta thula</i> )					2			

<b>FRIGATEBIRDS</b>								
MAGNIFICENT FRIGATEBIRD ( <i>Fregata magnificens</i> )	X							
<b>CORMORANTS</b>								
NEOTROPIC CORMORANT ( <i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i> )					1			
<b>ANHINGAS</b>								
ANHINGA ( <i>Anhinga anhinga</i> )					1			
<b>NEW WORLD VULTURES</b>								
TURKEY VULTURE ( <i>Cathartes aura</i> )		2			X	2	X	1
BLACK VULTURE ( <i>Coragyps atratus</i> )	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
<b>KITES, HAWKS AND EAGLES</b>								
RUFIOUS-THIGHED KITE ( <i>Harpagus diodon</i> )		1						
ROADSIDE HAWK ( <i>Buteo magnirostris</i> )							1	
WHITE-TAILED HAWK ( <i>Buteo albicaudatus</i> )							1	
BLACK AND WHITE HAWK-EAGLE ( <i>Spizastur melanoleucus</i> )						2		
<b>CARACARAS AND FALCONS</b>								
SOUTHERN CRESTED CARACARA ( <i>Caracara plancus</i> )	2	1			2		X	
YELLOW-HEADED CARACARA ( <i>Milvago chimachima</i> )					X		2	
BARRED FOREST-FALCON ( <i>Micrastur ruficollis</i> )						H		
APLOMADO FALCON ( <i>Falco femoralis</i> )							2	
<b>SERIEMAS</b>								
RED-LEGGED SERIEMA ( <i>Cariama cristata</i> )							1	
<b>RAILS, CRAKES AND COOTS</b>								
SLATY-BREADED WOOD-RAIL ( <i>Aramides saracura</i> )	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2
ASH-THROATED CRAKE ( <i>Porzana albicollis</i> )							H	
BLACKISH RAIL ( <i>Pardirallus nigricans</i> )							1	
PURPLE GALLINULE ( <i>Porphyrio martinica</i> )					2			
COMMON MOORHEN ( <i>Gallinula chloropus</i> )					X			
<b>LIMPKIN</b>								
LIMPKIN ( <i>Aramus guarauna</i> )					1			
<b>PLOVERS</b>								
SOUTHERN LAPWING ( <i>Vanellus chilensis</i> )	X	X	X	X	X		X	
<b>JACANAS</b>								
WATTLED JACANA ( <i>Jacana jacana</i> )					X			
<b>PIGEONS AND DOVES</b>								
ROCK DOVE ( <i>Columba livia</i> )	X	X					X	
PICAZURO PIGEON ( <i>Patagioenas picazuro</i> )	2	2	2		5	4	X	X
RUDDY GROUND-DOVE ( <i>Columbina talpacoti</i> )		1			X		X	
GRAY-FRONTED DOVE ( <i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i> )	2	4	4	2		4	2	2
<b>PARROTS</b>								
BLUE-WINGED MACAW ( <i>Primolius maracana</i> )							4	
WHITE-EYED PARAKEET ( <i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i> )		H				X	X	
MAROON-BELLIED PARAKEET ( <i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i> )	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BLUE-WINGED PARROTLET ( <i>Forpus xanthopterygius</i> )				2	X			
PLAIN PARAKEET ( <i>Brotogeris tirica</i> )*	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
SCALY-HEADED PARROT ( <i>Pionus maximiliani</i> )						4	2	
<b>CUCKOOS</b>								
GREATER ANI ( <i>Crotophaga major</i> )					1			
SMOOTH-BILLED ANI ( <i>Crotophaga ani</i> )	1						X	
SQUIRREL CUCKOO ( <i>Piaya cayana</i> )	1		1	1	2	2		2
<b>SWIFTS</b>								
WHITE-COLLARED SWIFT ( <i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i> )				X				





<b>ORANGE-EYED THORNBIRD</b> ( <i>Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus</i> )*	1	2	2					2
FIREWOOD GATHERER ( <i>Anumbius annumbi</i> )							1	
<b>WHITE-BROWED FOLIAGE GLEANER</b> ( <i>Anabacerthia amaurotis</i> )*				2		2		
BUFF-BROWED FOLIAGE-GLEANER ( <i>Syndactyla rufosupercilatus</i> )	H		2					
<b>OCHRE-BREASTED FOLIAGE-GLEANER</b> ( <i>Philydor lichtensteini</i> )				1				
<b>BLACK-CAPPED FOLIAGE-GLEANER</b> ( <i>Philydor atricapillus</i> )				1				
BUFF-FRONTED FOLIAGE-GLEANER ( <i>Philydor rufum</i> )	H		4	3		4		
<b>WHITE-COLLARED FOLIAGE-GLEANER</b> ( <i>Anabezenops fuscus</i> )*			H			2		
<b>PALE-BROWED TREEHUNTER</b> ( <i>Cichlocolaptes leucophrus</i> )*				1				
<b>RUFOUS-BREASTED LEAFTOSSER</b> ( <i>Sclerus scansor</i> )			1	H		H		
SHARP-TAILED STREAMCREEPER ( <i>Lochmias nematura</i> )			1					H
<b>SHARP-BILLED TREEHUNTER</b> ( <i>Heliobletus contaminatus</i> )	1							
PLAIN XENOPS ( <i>Xenops minutus</i> )					1			
STREAKED XENOPS ( <i>Xenops rutilans</i> )				1	1	1	1	1
<b>PLAIN-WINGED WOODCREEPER</b> ( <i>Dendrocincla turdina</i> )*					1			
OLIVACEOUS WOODCREEPER ( <i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i> )	H		5	4		4	1	
WHITE-THROATED WOODCREEPER ( <i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i> )	1				2			
PLANALTO WOODCREEPER ( <i>Dendrocolaptes platyrostris</i> )			H	1				
<b>LESSER WOODCREEPER</b> ( <i>Xiphorhynchus fuscus</i> )					2	1		
<b>SCALED WOODCREEPER</b> ( <i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus</i> )*			1	1		2	1	
<b>BLACK-BILLED SCYTHEBILL</b> ( <i>Campylorhamphus falcularius</i> )		1				H		
<b>ANTBIRDS</b>								
<b>SPOT-BACKED ANTSHRIKE</b> ( <i>Hypoedaleus guttatus</i> )				2				
GIANT ANTSHRIKE ( <i>Batara cinerea</i> )	H	H				H		
<b>LARGE-TAILED ANTSHRIKE</b> ( <i>Mackenziaena leachii</i> )		1						
<b>TUFTED ANTSHRIKE</b> ( <i>Mackenziaena severa</i> )						1		
<b>WHITE-BEARDED ANTSHRIKE</b> ( <i>Biatas nigropectus</i> )			1			1		
CHESTNUT-BACKED ANTSHRIKE ( <i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i> )					1			
<b>SOORETAMA SLATY-ANTSHRIKE</b> ( <i>Thamnophilus ambiguus</i> )*					1			
VARIABLE ANTSHRIKE ( <i>Thamnophilus caeruleus</i> )	1		1				2	
RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTSHRIKE ( <i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i> )		H	1					
<b>SPOT-BREASTED ANTVIREO</b> ( <i>Dysithamnus stictothorax</i> )				1				
PLAIN ANTVIREO ( <i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i> )			2	5				
<b>RUFOUS-BACKED ANTVIREO</b> ( <i>Dysithamnus xanthopterus</i> )*		3						
<b>STAR-THROATED ANTWREN</b> ( <i>Myrmotherula gularis</i> )*			H	2				
<b>SILVERY-FLANKED ANTWREN</b> ( <i>Myrmotherula luctuosa</i> )*					5			
<b>UNICOLORED ANTWREN</b> ( <i>Myrmotherula unicolor</i> )*					2			
<b>SERRA ANTWREN</b> ( <i>Formicivora serrana</i> )*							1	
<b>FERRUGINOUS ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Drymophila ferruginea</i> )*							2	
<b>BERTONIS ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Drymophila rubricollis</i> )				2		H		
<b>RUFOUS-TAILED ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Drymophila genei</i> )*		2						
<b>OCHRE-RUMPED ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Drymophila ochropyga</i> )*	H		H			3		
<b>DUSKY-TAILED ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Drymophila malura</i> )			1			1		1
<b>SCALED ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Drymophila squamata</i> )*					1			
<b>STREAK-CAPPED ANTWREN</b> ( <i>Terenura maculata</i> )				2				
<b>WHITE-SHOULDERED FIRE-EYE</b> ( <i>Pyriglena leucoptera</i> )				4		H		
<b>WHITE-BIBBED ANTBIRD</b> ( <i>Myrmeciza loricata</i> )*			2					
<b>ANTTHRUSHES</b>								
RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTTHRUSH ( <i>Formicarius colma</i> )				1				
<b>CRYPTIC ANTTHRUSH</b> ( <i>Chamaeza meruloides</i> )*	1					H		
<b>RUFOUS-TAILED ANTTHRUSH</b> ( <i>Chamaeza ruficauda</i> )*		1						

<b>GNATEATERS</b>								
<b>RUFIOUS GNATEATER</b> ( <i>Conopophaga lineata</i> )			2			1		1
<b>BLACK-CHEEKED GNATEATER</b> ( <i>Conopophaga melanops</i> )*				3				
<b>TAPACULOS</b>								
<b>WHITE-BREASTED TAPACULO</b> ( <i>Eleoscytalopus indigoticus</i> )*						1		
<b>MOUSE-COLORED TAPACULO</b> ( <i>Scytalopus speluncae</i> )*		H				H		H
<b>TYRANT FLYCATCHERS</b>								
<b>PLANALTO TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i> )	1		2				1	
<b>ROUGH-LEGGED TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Phyllomyias burmeisteri</i> )						1		H
<b>GREY-CAPPED TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Phyllomyias griseocapillus</i> )*			1					
<b>YELLOW-BELLIED ELAENIA</b> ( <i>Elaenia flavogaster</i> )							1	
<b>OLIVACEOUS ELAENIA</b> ( <i>Elaenia mesoleuca</i> )		2						
<b>SOUTHERN BEARDLESS TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Camptostoma obsoletum</i> )							1	
<b>WHITE-CRESTED TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Serpophaga subcristata</i> )							1	
<b>YELLOW TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Capsiempis flaveola</i> )			1					
<b>SOUTHERN ANTPIT</b> ( <i>Corythopis delalandi</i> )					2			
<b>MOTTLE-CHEEKED TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i> )	2	2	1			2		
<b>SERRA DO MAR TYRANNULET</b> ( <i>Phylloscartes difficilis</i> )*		4						
<b>SEPIA-CAPPED FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i> )				2				
<b>BRAN-COLORED FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i> )		1						
<b>DRAB-BREASTED BAMBOO-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Hemitriccus diops</i> )	1		H			1		H
<b>EYE-RINGED TODY-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Hemitriccus orbitatus</i> )*					1			
<b>EARED PYGMY-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Myiornis auricularis</i> )			2	2				
<b>OCHRE-FACED TODY-FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Poecilotriccus plumbeiceps</i> )			H			2		2
<b>YELLOW-LORED TODY-FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Todirostrum poliocephalum</i> )*					2		2	
<b>YELLOW-OLIVE FLATBILL (FLYCATCHER)</b> ( <i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i> )			1			2	2	
<b>OCHRE-LORED FLATBILL (YELLOW-BREASTED FLYCATCHER)</b> ( <i>Tolmomyias flaviventris</i> )					H			
<b>WHITE-THROATED SPADEBILL</b> ( <i>Platyrinchus mystaceus</i> )				2				
<b>CLIFF FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i> )						2	1	2
<b>TROPICAL PEWEE</b> ( <i>Contopus cinereus</i> )			1					
<b>BLUE-BILLED BLACK-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Knipolegus cyanirostris</i> )	2							
<b>VELVETY BLACK-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Knipolegus nigerrimus</i> )*		1						
<b>WHITE-RUMPED MONJITA</b> ( <i>Xolmis velatus</i> )							1	
<b>STREAMER-TAILED TYRANT</b> ( <i>Gubernetes yetapa</i> )							5	
<b>SHEAR-TAILED GRAY-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Muscipipra vetula</i> )			2					
<b>MASKED WATER-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Fluvicola nengeta</i> )					X		X	
<b>WHITE-HEADED MARSH-TYRANT</b> ( <i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i> )					5			
<b>LONG-TAILED TYRANT</b> ( <i>Colonia colonus</i> )			2					
<b>RUSTY-MARGINED FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Myiozetetes cayanensis</i> )	1							
<b>SOCIAL FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Myiozetetes similis</i> )					2		X	
<b>GREAT KISKADEE</b> ( <i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i> )	X	X	2	2	X	X	X	2
<b>BOAT-BILLED FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Megarhynchus pitangua</i> )	H	1	1		X		1	1
<b>TROPICAL KINGBIRD</b> ( <i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i> )	1				1			
<b>GRAYISH MOURNER</b> ( <i>Rhytipterna simplex</i> )					1			
<b>SHORT-CRESTED FLYCATCHER</b> ( <i>Myiarchus ferox</i> )							1	
<b>GRAY-HOODED ATTILA</b> ( <i>Attila rufus</i> )*					1			
<b>COTINGAS</b>								
<b>BLACK AND GOLD COTINGA</b> ( <i>Tijuca atra</i> )*		3						
<b>GREY-WINGED COTINGA</b> ( <i>Tijuca condita</i> )*		2						
<b>MANAKINS</b>								
<b>PIN-TAILED MANAKIN</b> ( <i>Ilicura militaris</i> )*			H	2				

WHITE-BEARDED MANAKIN ( <i>Manacus manacus</i> )					X			
BLUE MANAKIN ( <i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i> )			H	2		2		
<b>TITYRAS AND BECARDS</b>								
WHISKERED MYIOBIUS (FLYCATCHER) ( <i>Myiobius barbatus</i> )			1			1		
GREEN-BACKED BECARD ( <i>Pachyramphus viridis</i> )						1		
CHESTNUT-CROWNED BECARD ( <i>Pachyramphus castaneus</i> )			1	2	1	2	2	
WHITE-WINGED BECARD ( <i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i> )					2			
<b>VIREOS AND GREENLETS</b>								
RUFOUS-BROWED PEPPER SHRIKE ( <i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i> )		H	2	2		2		H
RUFOUS-CROWNED GREENLET ( <i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i> )		3	X	2		X		
GREY-EYED GREENLET ( <i>Hylophilus amaurocephalus</i> )							2	
LEMON-CHESTED GREENLET ( <i>Hylophilus thoracicus</i> )					1			
<b>JAYS</b>								
CURL-CRESTED JAY ( <i>Cyanocorax cristatellus</i> )							X	
<b>SWALLOWS AND MARTINS</b>								
BLUE-AND-WHITE SWALLOW ( <i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i> )	X	X					X	
SOUTHERN ROUGH-WINGED SWALLOW ( <i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i> )					1		X	
<b>BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIUS</b>								
BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIUS ( <i>Donacobius atricapilla</i> )							3	
<b>WRENS</b>								
LONG-BILLED WREN ( <i>Cantorchilus longirostris</i> )*					1			
HOUSE WREN ( <i>Troglodytes aedon</i> )						1	1	
<b>MOCKINGBIRDS</b>								
CHALK-BROWED MOCKINGBIRD ( <i>Mimus saturninus</i> )							2	
<b>THRUSHES</b>								
RUFOUS-BELLIED THRUSH ( <i>Turdus rufiventris</i> )	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PALE-BREASTED THRUSH ( <i>Turdus leucomelas</i> )		1				1		1
CREAMY-BELLIED THRUSH ( <i>Turdus amaurochalinus</i> )					1			
WHITE-NECKED THRUSH ( <i>Turdus albicollis</i> )				1				
<b>WAXBILLS</b>								
COMMON WAXBILL ( <i>Estrilda astrild</i> )							X	
<b>FINCHES</b>								
ORANGE-BELLIED EUPHONIA ( <i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i> )					1			
CHESTNUT-BELLIED EUPHONIA ( <i>Euphonia pectoralis</i> )				1		1		
HOODED SISKIN ( <i>Carduelis magellanica</i> )	1						1	
<b>NEW WORLD WARBLERS</b>								
WHITE-RIMMED WARBLER ( <i>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</i> )				1				
GOLDEN-CROWNED WARBLER ( <i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i> )	4		X	X		X	2	
<b>OROPENDOLAS AND BLACKBIRDS</b>								
CRESTED OROPENDOLA ( <i>Psarocolius decumanus</i> )						1	1	
RED-RUMPED CACIQUE ( <i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i> )					X			
CHESTNUT-CAPPED BLACKBIRD ( <i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i> )							X	
GIANT COWBIRD ( <i>Molothrus oryzivora</i> )							1	
SHINY COWBIRD ( <i>Molothrus bonariensis</i> )							2	
<b>BANANAQUIT</b>								
BANANAQUIT ( <i>Coereba flaveola</i> )	1	2	2	1		4	X	2
<b>NEW WORLD SPARROWS</b>								
RUFOUS-COLLARED SPARROW ( <i>Zonotrichia capensis</i> )	4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
GRASSLAND SPARROW ( <i>Ammodramus humeralis</i> )							1	
<b>TANAGERS AND ALLIES</b>								
MAGPIE TANAGER ( <i>Cissopis leverianus</i> )						X		

BLACK-GOGGLED TANAGER ( <i>Trichothraupis melanops</i> )	3	2		5	X	X		2
FLAME-CRESTED TANAGER ( <i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i> )				2	4			
<b>RUBY-CROWNED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Tachyphonus coronatus</i> )	X	X	X	2	2	X	X	4
<b>BRAZILIAN TANAGER</b> ( <i>Ramphocelus bresilius</i> )					2			
SAYACA TANAGER ( <i>Thraupis sayaca</i> )	2	X	X	3	1	2	2	2
<b>AZURE-SHOULDERED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Thraupis cyanoptera</i> )	5	X	X	2		2	2	2
<b>GOLDEN-CHEVRONED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Thraupis ornata</i> )*	4	X	X			X	X	X
DIADEMED TANAGER ( <i>Stephanophorus diadematus</i> )		X						
<b>RED-NECKED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Tangara cyanocephala</i> )				X				
<b>BRASSY-BREASTED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Tangara desmaresti</i> )*	X	X	X	X		X		X
<b>GILT-EDGED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Tangara cyanoventris</i> )*	4	2				2	1	2
BURNISHED-BUFF TANAGER ( <i>Tangara cayana</i> )	1	1				2	1	
BLUE DACNIS ( <i>Dacnis cayana</i> )	X	X	2		2	X	X	4
<b>RUFOUS-HEADED TANAGER</b> ( <i>Hemithraupis ruficapilla</i> )*				1				
YELLOW-BACKED TANAGER ( <i>Hemithraupis flavicollis</i> )					4			
CHESTNUT-VENTED CONEBILL ( <i>Conirostrum speciosum</i> )					1			
<b>BAY-CHESTED WARBLING-FINCH</b> ( <i>Poospiza thoracica</i> )*		X						
SAFFRON FINCH ( <i>Sicalis flaveola</i> )	2	4	2		X		X	
WEDGE-TAILED GRASSFINCH ( <i>Emberizoides herbicola</i> )							1	
BLUE-BLACK GRASSQUIT ( <i>Volatinia jacarina</i> )							2	
DOUBLE-COLLARED SEEDEATER ( <i>Sporophila caeruleascens</i> )							1	
<b>CARDINALS, GROSBEAKS AND ALLIES</b>								
HEPATIC TANAGER ( <i>Piranga hepatica</i> )	1	1						
RED-CROWNED ANT-TANAGER ( <i>Habia rubica</i> )				1	1			
BUFF-THROATED SALTATOR ( <i>Saltator maximus</i> )					1			
GREEN-WINGED SALTATOR ( <i>Saltator similis</i> )	2		1			1		
<b>THICK-BILLED SALTATOR</b> ( <i>Saltator maxillosus</i> )		4						
ULTRAMARINE GROSBEAK ( <i>Cyanocompsa brissonii</i> )							1	
HOUSE SPARROW ( <i>Passer domesticus</i> )		X					2	
SERRA DOS TUCANOS BIRDING TOURS ©								
<b>ADDITIONS</b>								
White-tufted-eared Marmoset			2					
Brasilian Squirrel			1					
Broad-snouted Caiman					3			
Capybara					X			