Central Java, East Java & Bali

Anita & Hans-Valentin Bastian, August 7th - 15th, 2019



Central and East Java, Bali (7. – 15.08.2019)

Itinerary:

Day an	d activities	Geo	Guides
07.08.	One hour late we arrived Semarang and drove to our hotel Rumah Dharma, close to Borobudur temple. The temple area is also good for spotting birds, many rice fields	Borobudur: 7°36'27.4"S 110°12'13.5"E	
08.08.	Start at 5:30 a.m. the morning birding at two points SW of Yogyakarta, Pantai Roro Inten Pagak Ngombol and Trisik Beach; in the afternoon birding near Hotel Java Amazon Resort Villa with traditional agriculture	Trisik Beach: 7°58'55.1"S 110°12'19.9"E	
09.08.	Again, we leave at 5:30, drive to Merapi NP with three different sites, Pondok Wisata, Tlogo Muncar, Tlogo Normolo; hike to the Japanese caves, which were created by the Japanese during World War II; in the caves Least Horseshoe Bats and geckos. In the afternoon birding on a small river near the hotel.	Pondok Wisata:	Imam Taufiqurrahman (info@loon- tour.com)
10.08.	At 7:25 a.m. we drive to the Prambanan Temple; good for Java Sparrows, which are easy to find in the Hindu temple complex. Especially good observation of Java Finches from the middle level of the main Shiva Temple. Here also other species can be observed well. In the afternoon delayed flight from Yogyakarta to Surabaya and a 2.5-hour transfer to our hotel Rani Homestay.	Prambanan: 7°45'06.5"S 110°29'29.4"E	
11.08.	Start at 4 a.m. to Bromo Viewpoint at 2240 m above sea level, then birding in the sandy and savannah surroundings of Bromo NP and then birding in the wooded surroundings of Ranu Pani; accommodation in Lumajang	Bromo View Point: 7°54'39.6"S 112°57'06.2"E	
12.08.	Long drive to Baluran National Park; on the way at Probolinggo in Gending birding in a very interesting and species-rich pond landscape with mangroves. Afterwards drive to Baluran National Park; at 4 pm we reach Wonorejo, later an evening excursion (owls); overnight stay at Hotel Bajul Eco Lodge.	Probolingo: 7°46'31.8"S 113°18'05.9"E Wonorejo: 7°55'15.0"S 114°24'55.4"E	Waskito Kukuh Wibowo (www.bird- packer.com)
13.08.	Full day excursion in NP Baluran, in the late afternoon transfer to Bajul Eco Lodge Plataran/Bali via car ferry from Ketapang (Java) to Gilimanuk (Bali)	Savana Bekol: 7°50'24.1"S 114°26'25.0"E	
14.08.	Starting 6:00 a.m. for a full day excursion in West Bali NP	Bali Barak NP (Bali Tower): 8°08'37.7"S 114°32'50.0"E	
15.08.	At 5 o'clock we start our drive through Bali; rice terraces and agriculture at Mayong-Gunungsari (cocoa, oranges [ripe fruits are green], clove trees, mangostin trees); Hindu temple Pura Ulun Danu Bratan in Bedugul; afterwards birding in the species-rich botanical garden Kebun Raya Bali; in the afternoon arduous drive (many traffic jams) to Hotel Pondok Nyoman.	Kebun Raya Bali: 8°16'44.1"S 115°09'23.9"E	Hery Kusuma- negara

Highlights

Central Java:

Borobudur with its colossal Buddhist temple complex is located about 25 kilometers northwest of Yogyakarta. Borobudur was recognized by UNESCO as a world cultural heritage site in 1991 and is considered the most important building of Mahayana Buddhism on Java. During our short stay we could observe only a few species, but with Grey-cheeked Green Pigeon, Scarlet-headed Flowerpecker and Javan Mynah three endemic.



The **Prambanan** temple complex is the largest Hindu temple complex in Indonesia and Southeast Asia and is located on the eastern bank of the river Opaque. The complex was built in the 9th century and was completed around 856. In 1991 it was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site. In Prambanan, which lies 18 km northeast of Yogyakarta, we could observe Java Sparrows very well, a species that has one of the last occurrences in the wild here. From the middle level of the central Shiva temple, Java Sparrows can be easily ob-

served at the neighbouring Vishnu and Brahma temples. At the three main temples they breed in the numerous crevices. In the extensive complex with often scattered trees we could also observe White-breasted Woodswallow, Javan Tailorbird, Scarlet-headed Flowerpecker, Brown-throated Sunbird and Zebra Dove.





Sunda Bulbul; August 2019 / Java-Merapi NP ©A&HV Bastian

The **Merapi** is one of the most active volcanoes in Java and is considered one of the most dangerous in the world. Unimpressed by this latent danger, people live and work close to the borders of Merapi NP. The uppermost part of the volcano is without vegetation due to the regular eruptions. Only below this zone are extensive protected casuarina forests. The national park can be hiked from three places, if the access is not generally closed due to acute danger. At Pondok Wisata there are good observation opportunities of Javan Whistling-Thrush, Pink-headed Fruit-Dove, Asian Glossy Starling, Javan Myna, Javan Forktail, Javan Fulvetta and Javan Kingfisher. It is also particularly rewarding to walk the Merapi from the western entrance Tlogo Normolo. Along a forest path connected to the road to 'Goa Jepang', you will reach a series of 18 caves created by the Japanese military before Indonesia's independence. Among others we saw Red-breasted Parakeet, Black-banded Barbet, Javan Tesia, Chestnut-

backed Scimitar Babbler, Javan Bulbul, Black-headed Bulbul, White-bellied Fantail, Blue Nuthatch, Cinereous Tit, Oriental and Mees's White-eye, Pied Shrike Babbler and White-flanked Sunbird. Sometimes the birds roamed around in large mixed flocks. The nesting place of the Javan Hawk Eagle, which can be seen from the path, was no longer occupied.



The coast southwest of Yogyakarta was not very interesting for birdwatching, as wader migration had not yet started. You can certainly observe Great Crested Terns sitting on the sandbanks at Trisik Beach. Next to them we observed Barred Buttonquail, Cerulean Kingfisher and Common Sandpiper. There was a greater diversity of species at Pantai Roro. Here the landscape is more varied with rice fields, shrimp farms, shallow waters, bushes and beaches. Javan Plover, Whitebrowed Crake, Purple Heron, Intermediate, Little

and Cattle Egret, Javan Kingfisher, Golden-headed and Zitting Cisticola, Plain Prinia, Javan, White-headed and Scaly-breasted Munia and Baya Weaver are some of the species observed.



Javan White-eye; August 2019 / Java-Probolinggo ©A&HV Bastian



Paddyfield Pipit; August 2019 / Java-Tengger sand sea



sland Trush; August 2019 / Java-Ranu Pani ©A&HV Bastian

Ost-Java:

Probolinggo is a city on the northeast coast of Java; a little east of the city near Gending there is a hitherto little known mangrove and pond area. Several endemic species can be found here, e.g. Javan White-eye, which can be observed very well from the paths between the ponds. Other bird species observed were Sunda Brush Cuckoo, Freckle-breasted Woodpecker, Javan Kingfisher, Small Minivet, Yellow-bellied Prinia, Zitting Cisticola, Brown-throated Sunbird, Yellow-vented Bulbul, Javan and Scaly-breasted Munia.

Bromo-Tengger-Semeru National Park is famous for its fantastic and atmospheric sunrises. However, the area has a lot to offer, especially for birdwatchers, because of its varied landscape. The national park includes the 3676 m high stratovolcano Semeru, the highest mountain of Java as well as four volcanoes in the Tengger caldera, of which Bromo is the most famous. The caldera is filled by the Tengger sand sea, which can only be crossed by jeep. The vegetation-free landscape is dominated by the black volcanic ash. At the edges of the caldera the landscape changes and changes to a steppe biotope. Paddyfield Pipit and Pied Bushchat are common here. Afterwards we leave the caldera and stayed on the forested crater rim. The volcano Semeru was active with

clouds of smoke. Afterwards it goes up to Ranu Pani at 2000 m above sea level. This place is inhabited by the Tengger people, an original tribe on Java with their own language and writing. Again and again we stop to look for birds. Among others we found Dark-backed Imperial-Pigeon, Banded Kingfisher, Black-banded Barbet, Javan Flameback, Checker-throated Woodpecker, Grey-and-buff Woodpecker, Sunda Cuckooshrike, Sunda Minivet, Javan Flowerpecker, Javan Bush Warbler, Little Pied Flycatcher, Mountain Leaf Warbler, Whitebellied Fantail, Yellow-bellied Warbler, Sunda Bush Warbler, Mountain Tailorbird, Island and Scaly Thrush and Javan Heleia.







Sunda sambar: August 2019 / Java-Baluran NP @A&HV Bastia

In the very east of Java lies the Baluran National Park. A large part of the 250km² large area are savannah-like landscapes, which are partly forested with acacias and are home to numerous animal species. Baluran receives on average only 3 months of rain. The Baluran National Park has 444 species of trees, some of which are unique such as the Witoro Bukol (Ziziphus rotundifolia), Mimba (Azadirachta indica) and Pilang (Acacia leucophloea). Other trees are Kemiri (Aleurites moluccana), Gebang (Corypha utan), Api-Api (Avicennia sp.), the tamarind tree (Tamarindus indica), Gadung (Dioscorea hispida), Kendal (Cordia obliqua), Manting (Syzygium polyanthum) and Kepuh (Sterculia foetida). The park is a habitat for 26 mammal species, including the banteng, wild water buffalo, the ajag, the Indian muntjak, the Sunda sambar, leopards, the Java mouse-deer and the Fishing Cat as well as the omnipresent Long-tailed Macague, but also Silver-leaf Monkeys. The avifauna here is rich, with e.g. Orange-breasted Green Pigeon, Sunda Coucal, Green Junglefowl, Green Peafowl, Crested Serpent-Eagle, Spotted Wood-Owl, Oriental Pied-Hornbill, Hair-crested Drongo, Brownbacked Needletail, Barred and Small Buttonguail, Rufous-backed Dwarf-Kingfisher, Orangebreasted Trogon, Pied Trill, Small and Scarlet Minivet. We saw here also two very rare species, the Java Sparrow and Black-winged Starling, which are today critically endangered in the wild due to the unbridled bird trade.



Green Peafowl; August 2019 / Java-Baluran NP ©A&HV Bastian



Green Junglefowl; August 2019 / Java-Baluran NP ©A&HV Bastian

Javan Banded Pitta: August 2019 / Bali-Bali Barat NP ©A&HV Bastian



Indonesian Honeveater: August 2019 / Bali-Kebun Raya ©A&HV Bastia



Bali Mynah; August 2019 / Bali-Bali Barat NP ©A&HV Bastian



Laced Woodpecker; August 2019 / Bali-Bali Barat NP ©A&HV Bastian

Bali:

Bali has close faunistic links with Java, which is only 2.4 km away, separated from the Bali Street. The proximity of the two islands means that the species composition in Bali is less independent than in most other larger Indonesian islands. Mammals endemic to Bali do not exist, nor do endemic reptiles and amphibians. And of the 280 bird species in Bali, only the Bali Mynah is endemic. In the extreme northwest of Bali, the 190 km² Bali Barat National Park was established in 1941, primarily to protect this single endemic species, as its natural habitats were increasingly lost due to the conversion of forests into Coconut and Kapok plantations. In 2019 more than 250 individuals of this charismatic bird were found here, although about 15 years ago the freeliving population had decreased to a few birds and the species was suspected to be extinct. Through consequent protection, targeted releases and the successful restriction of poaching, the Bali Mynah is hopefully saved from final extinction in the wild. The Bali Barat National Park comprises different habitats, coastal strips, settlements, secondary forests and mountain regions. On the coast we observed Javan Plover, Grey-tailed Tattler, Wood Sandpiper, Bar-tailed Godwit, Whimbrel, Lesser Adjutant, Sacred Kingfisher, Mangrove Whistler and others; in the secondary forests and settlements Blacknapped Fruit-Dove, Island Collared-Dove, Orangebreasted Green Pigeon, Grey-cheeked Green Pigeon, Pink-necked Green Pigeon, Banded Bay Cuckoo, Javan Banded-Pitta, Black-thighed Falconet, Blue-eared, Coppersmith and Lineated Barbet, Sunda Scops-Owl, Rufous-backed Dwarf-Kingfisher, Olive-backed Tailorbird, Scarlet-headed Flowerpecker, Horsfield's Wren Babbler and Racket-tailed Treepie.

Inland from Bali is the 157 ha **Kebun Raya Bali Botanical Garden**. The very quiet Botanical garden consists of open, park-like areas as well as a mountain rainforest with often old and large trees, some

of which stand also alone. The visitor can explore the extensive botanical garden on foot or by car. Due to its structure, the botanical garden is, of course, especially interesting for forest birds, thus we found, among others, Dark-backed Imperial-Pigeon, Black-backed Fruit-Dove, Yellow-throated Hanging-Parrot, Javan Flowerpecker, Indonesian Honeyeater, Lesser Shortwing, Little Pied Flycatcher, Javan Whistling-Thrush, Tenggara Whistler, Crescent-chested Babbler, Sunda Warbler, Mountain Tailorbird, Grey-headed Canary-Flycatcher, Short-tailed Starling and Javan Heleia.







Grey-cheeked Green-Pigeon; August 2019 / Bali-Kebun Raya ©A&HV Bastian



Horsfield's Wren Babbler; August 2019 / Bali-Bali Barat NP ©A&HV Bastian



Spotted Wood-Owl; August 2019 / Java-Baluran NP @A&HV Bastian



Crested Serpent Eagle; August 2019 / Java-Merapi NP ©A&HV Bastian



Oriental Pied Hornbill; August 2019 / Java-Baluran NP ©A&HV Bastian



Bali Barat Nationalpark ; August 2019 / Bali ©A&HV Bastian

List of birds (species names based on various sources, mainly on Eaton et al.: Birds of the Indonesian Archipelago)

	Scientific name	English name	German name
1	Spilornis cheela	Crested Serpent-Eagle	Schlangenweihe
2	Anas gibberifrons	Sunda Teal	Sunda-Weißkehlente
3	Anthracoceros albirostris	Oriental Pied-Hornbill	Orienthornvogel
4	Aerodramus fuciphagus	Edible-nest Swiftlet	Weißnestsalangane
5	Collocalia linchi	Cave Swiftlet	Linchisalangane
6	Hirundapus giganteus	Brown-backed Needletail	Eilsegler
7	Caprimulgus affinis	Savanna Nightjar	Savannennachtschwalbe
8	Charadrius javanicus	Javan Plover	Javaregenpfeifer
9	Charadrius leschenaultii	Greater Sand-Plover	Wüstenregenpfeifer
10	Charadrius peronii	Malaysian Plover	Malaienregenpfeifer
11	Sternula albifrons	Little Tern	Zwergseeschwalbe
12	Thalasseus bergii	Great Crested Tern	Eilseeschwalbe
13	Himantopus leucocephalus	Pied Stilt	Weissgesicht-Stelzenläufer
14	Actitis hypoleucos	Common Sandpiper	Flußuferläufer
15	Arenaria interpres	Ruddy Turnstone	Steinwälzer
16	Limosa lapponica	Bar-tailed Godwit	Pfuhlschnepfe
17	Numenius phaeopus	Whimbrel	Regenbrachvogel
18	Tringa brevipes	Gray-tailed Tattler	Grauschwanz-Wasserläufer
19	Tringa glareola	Wood Sandpiper	Bruchwasserläufer
20	Tringa nebularia	Common Greenshank	Grünschenkel
21	Tringa totanus	Common Redshank	Rotschenkel
22	Turnix suscitator	Barred Buttonquail	Bindenlaufhühnchen
23	Turnix sylvaticus	Small Buttonquail	Laufhühnchen
24	Leptoptilos javanicus	Lesser Adjutant	Kleiner Adjutant
25	Chalcophaps indica	Asian Emerald Dove	Graukappen-Glanztaube
26	Ducula lacernulata	Dark-backed Imperial-Pigeon	Schwarzrücken-Fruchttaube
27	Geopelia striata	Zebra Dove	Sperbertäubchen
28	Macropygia emiliana	Ruddy (Parzudaki's) Cuckoo-Dove	Indonesientaube
29	Ptilinopus cinctus	Black-backed Fruit-Dove	Weißkopf-Fruchttaube
30	Ptilinopus melanospilus	Black-naped Fruit-Dove	Schwarzkappen-Fruchttaube
31	Ptilinopus porphyreus	Pink-headed Fruit-Dove	Rothals-Fruchttaube
32	Streptopelia bitorquata	Island Collared-Dove	Sundakichertaube
33	Streptopelia chinensis	Spotted Dove	Östliche Perlhalstaube
34	Treron bicinctus	Orange-breasted Green Pigeon	Bindengrüntaube
35	Treron griseicauda	Grey-cheeked Green Pigeon	Graumaskentaube
36	Treron vernans	Pink-necked Green Pigeon	Frühlingstaube
37	Alcedo coerulescens	Cerulean Kingfisher	Türkiseisvogel
38	Ceyx rufidorsa	Rufous-backed Dwarf-Kingfisher	1 1: .
39	Halcyon cyanoventris	Javan Kingfisher	Javaliest
40	Lacedo pulchella	Banded Kingfisher	Wellenliest
41	Todiramphus canatus	Collared Kingfisher	Halsbandliest
42	Todiramphus sanctus	Sacred Kingfisher	Götzenliest
43	Merops philippinus	Blue-tailed Bee-eater	Blauschwanzspint
44	Merops leschenaulti	Chestnut-headed Bee-eater	Braunkopfspint
45	Cacomantis sonneratii	Banded Bay Cuckoo	Sonneratkuckuck

46	Cacomantis (sepulcralis) variolosus	(Sunda) Brush Cuckoo	Buschkuckuck (Rostbrustkuckuck)
47	Centropus nigrorufus	Sunda Coucal	Javakuckuck
48	Microhierax fringillarius	Black-thighed Falconet	Finkenfälkchen
49	Gallus varius	Green Junglefowl	Gabelschwanzhuhn
50	Pavo muticus	Green Peafowl	Ährenträgerpfau
51	Amaurornis cinerea	White-browed Crake	Weißbrauen-Sumpfhuhn
52	Amaurornis phoenicurus	White-breasted Waterhen	Weißbrust-Kielralle
53	Gallinula chloropus	Eurasian Moorhen	Teichhuhn
54	Porphyrio indicus	Black-backed Swamphen	Purpurhuhn
55	Ardea alba modesta	Great Egret	Silberreiher
56	Ardea intermedia	Intermediate Egret	Asienmittelreiher
57	Ardea purpurea	Purple Heron	Purpurreiher
58	Ardeola speciosa	Javan Pond-Heron	Prachtreiher
59	Bubulcus ibis	Cattle Egret	Kuhreiher
60	Egretta garzetta	Little Egret	Seidenreiher
61	Egretta sacra	Pacific Reef-Heron	Riffreiher
62	Ixobrychus sinensis	Yellow Bittern	Chinadommel
63	Psilopogon armillaris	Flame-fronted Barbet	Temminckbartvogel
64	Psilopogon duvaucelii	Blue-eared Barbet	Schwarzohr-Bartvogel
65	Psilopogon haemacephalus	Coppersmith Barbet	Kupfer-Schmiedbartvogel
66	Psilopogon javensis	Black-banded Barbet	Javabartvogel
67	Psilopogon lineatus	Lineated Barbet	Streifenbartvogel
68	Chrysocolaptes strictus	Javan Flameback	Javasultanspecht
69	Chrysophlegma mentale	Checker-throated Woodpecker	Java-Tropfenkehlspecht
70	Dendrocopos analis	Freckle-breasted Woodpecker	Sprenkelbrustspecht
71	Dinopium javanense	Common Flameback	Feuerrückenspecht
72	Dryocopus javensis	White-bellied Woodpecker	Weißbauchspecht
73	Hemicircus concretus	Grey-and-buff Woodpecker	Java-Kurzschwanzspecht
74	Picus puniceus	Crimson-winged Woodpecker	Rotflügelspecht
75	Picus vittatus	Laced Woodpecker	Netzbauchspecht
76	Loriculus pusillus	Yellow-throated Hanging-Parrot	Elfenpapageichen
77	Psittacula alexandri	Red-breasted Parakeet	Bartsittich
78	Otus lempiji	Sunda Scops-Owl	Sunda-Zwergohreule
79	Strix seloputo	Spotted Wood-Owl	Pagodenkauz
80	Harpactes oreskios	Orange-breasted Trogon	Orangebrusttrogon
81	Gerygone sulphurea	Golden-bellied Gerygone	Goldbrustgerygone
82	Aegithina tiphia scapularis	Common Iora	Schwarzflügeliora
83	Artamus leucorynchus	White-breasted Woodswallow	Weißbauch-Schwalbenstar
84	Coracina javensis	Javan Cuckooshrike	Javaraupenfänger
85	Coracina larvata	Sunda Cuckooshrike	Larvenraupenfänger
86	Lalage nigra	Pied Triller	Weißstirnlalage
87	Pericrocotus cinnamomeus	Small Minivet	Zwergmennigvogel
88	Pericrocotus miniatus	Sunda Minivet	Sundamennigvogel
89	Pericrocotus speciosus	Scarlet Minivet	Scharlachmennigvogel
90	Chloropsis cochinchinensis	Javan Leafbird	Blauflügel-Blattvogel
91	Cisticola exilis	Golden-headed Cisticola	Goldkopf-Zistensänger
92	Cisticola juncidis	Zitting Cisticola	Zistensänger
93	Orthotomus sepium	Olive-backed Tailorbird	Rostwangen-Schneidervogel
94	Orthotomus sutorius	Common Tailorbird	Rotstirn-Schneidervogel

95	Prinia flaviventris	Yellow-bellied Prinia	Gelbbauchprinie
96	Prinia inornata	Plain Prinia	Schlichtprinie
97	Corvus enca	Sunda Crow	Sundakrähe
98	Crypsirina temia	Racket-tailed Treepie	Spatelbaumelster
99	Dicaeum sanguinolentum	Javan Flowerpecker	Purpurmistelfresser
100	Dicaeum trigonostigma	Orange-bellied Flowerpecker	Orangebauch-Mistelfresser
101	Dicaeum trochileum	Scarlet-headed Flowerpecker	Feuerkopf-Mistelfresser
102	Dicrurus leucophaeus	Ashy Drongo	Graudrongo
103	Dicrurus macrocercus	Black Drongo	Königsdrongo
104	Dicrurus hottentottus (jentincki)	Hair-crested Drongo	Haarbuschdrongo
105	Lonchura leucogastroides	Javan Munia	Javabronzemännchen
106	Lonchura maja	White-headed Munia	Weißkopfnonne
107	Lonchura oryzivora	Java Sparrow	Javareisfink
108	Lonchura punctulata	Scaly-breasted Munia	Muskatbronzemännchen
109	Cecropis daurica	Daurian Swallow	Rötelschwalbe
110	Hirundo rustica	Barn Swallow	Rauchschwalbe
111	Hirundo tahitica	Pacific Swallow	Südseeschwalbe
112	Lanius schach	Long-tailed Shrike	Schachwürger
113	Alcippe pyrrhoptera	Javan Fulvetta	Rotrückenalcippe
114	Locustella montis	Sunda Grasshopper Warbler	Javabuschsänger
115	Megalurus palustris	Striated Grassbird	Strichelkopf-Schilfsteiger
116	Lichmera limbata	Indonesian Honeyeater	Balihonigfresser
117	Anthus rufulus	Paddyfield Pipit	Orientspornpieper
118	Brachypteryx leucophris	Lesser Shortwing	Zwergkurzflügel
119	Cyornis olivaceus	Fulvous-chested Jungle-Flycatcher	Olivrücken-Dschungelschnäpper
120	Cyornis unicolor	Pale Blue Flycatcher	Blaubrustschnäpper
121	Enicurus leschenaulti	White-crowned Forktail	Weißscheitel-Scherenschwanz
122	Eumyias indigo	Indigo Flycatcher	Indigoschnäpper
123	Ficedula westermanni	Little Pied Flycatcher	Elsterschnäpper
124	Myophonus glaucinus	Javan Whistling-Thrush	Javapfeifdrossel
125	Saxicola caprata	Pied Bushchat	Mohrenschwarzkehlchen
126	Aethopyga eximia	White-flanked Sunbird	Javanektarvogel
127	Anthreptes malacensis	Brown-throated Sunbird	Braunkehl-Nektarvogel
128	Cinnyris ornatus	Ornate Sunbird	
129	Oriolus chinensis	Black-naped Oriole	Schwarznackenpirol
130	Pachycephala cinerea	Mangrove Whistler	Schnäpperdickkopf
131	Pachycephala fulvotincta	Rusty-breasted Whistler	Goldnacken-Dickkopf
132	Parus cinereus	Cinereous Tit	
133	Passer montanus	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Feldsperling
134	Turdinus sepiarius	Horsfield's Wren Babbler	Horsfieldmaustimalie
135	Cyanoderma melanothorax	Crescent-chested Babbler	Perlwangentimalie
136	Pomatorhinus montanus	Chestnut-backed Scimitar-Babbler	Rotrückensäbler
137	Phylloscopus trivirgatus	Mountain Leaf Warbler	Südsee-Laubsänger
138	Phylloscopus grammiceps	Sunda Warbler	Sundalaubsänger
139	Hydrornis guajanus	Javan Banded-Pitta	Bindenpitta
140	Ploceus philippinus	Baya Weaver	Bayaweber
141	Alophoixus bres	Grey-cheeked Bulbul	Grauwangenbülbül
142	Brachypodius atriceps	Black-headed Bulbul	Schwarzkopfbülbül
143	Ixos virescens	Sunda Bulbul	Sumatrabülbül

144	Pycnonotus aurigaster	Sooty-headed Bulbul	Kotilangbülbül
145	Pycnonotus goiavier analis	Yellow-vented Bulbul	Augenstreifbülbül
146	Rubigula dispar	Ruby-throated Bulbul	Sunda-Goldbrustbülbül
147	Rhipidura euryura	White-bellied Fantail	Kurzfuß-Fächerschwanz
148	Rhipidura javanica	Malaysian Pied Fantail	Malaienfächerschwanz
149	Abroscopus superciliaris	Yellow-bellied Warbler	Bambuslaubsänger
150	Horornis vulcanius	Sunda Bush Warbler	Müllerbuschsänger
151	Phyllergates cucullatus	Mountain Tailorbird	Bergschneidervogel
152	Tesia superciliaris	Javan Tesia	Brauentesia
153	Sitta azurea	Blue Nuthatch	Schwarzbauchkleiber
154	Sitta frontalis	Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	Samtstirnkleiber
155	Culicicapa ceylonensis	Grey-headed Canary-Flycatcher	Graukopf-Kanarienschnäpper
156	Acridotheres javanicus	Javan Myna	Graumaina
157	Acridotheres melanopterus	Black-winged Starling	Schwarzflügelmaina (Graurücken- maina)
158	Acridotheres tristis	Common Myna	Hirtenmaina
159	Aplonis minor	Short-tailed Starling	Sundastar
160	Aplonis panayensis	Asian Glossy Starling	Malaienstar
161	Leucopsar rothschildi	Bali Myna	Balistar
162	Turdus poliocephalus	Island Thrush	Südseedrossel
163	Zoothera dauma	Scaly Thrush	Erddrossel
164	Hemipus hirundinaceus	Black-winged Flycatcher-shrike	Schwarzflügel-Raupenschmätzer
165	Pteruthius flaviscapis	Pied Shrike-Babbler	Weißbrauen-Würgertimalie
166	Lophozosterops javanicus	Mees's White-eye	Javabrillenvogel
167	Zosterops flavus	Javan White-eye	Horsfieldbrillenvogel
168	Zosterops palpebrosus	Oriental White-eye	Gangesbrillenvogel

List of Mammals

	Scientific name	English name	German name
1	Macaca fascicularis	Long-Tailed Macaque	Langschwanzmakaken
2	Trachypithecus auratus	Silver-Leaf Monkeys	Schwarze Haubenlangur
3	Bos javanicus	Banteng	Banteng
4	Bubalus bubalis	Water buffalo	Wasserbüffel
5	Rusa timorensis rusa	Sunda sambar	Mähnenhirsch
6	Muntiacus muntjak	Indian muntjac	Indisches Muntjak
7	Callosciurus notatus	Plantain Squirrel	Bananenhörnchen
8	Sundasciurus tenuis	Slender Squirrel	Sunda-Schlankhörnchen